

The background of the slide features a large, faint, light blue circular seal of Yonsei University. The seal contains the university's name in English ("YONSEI UNIVERSITY") and Korean ("연세대학교"), along with the founding year "1885" and a central emblem.

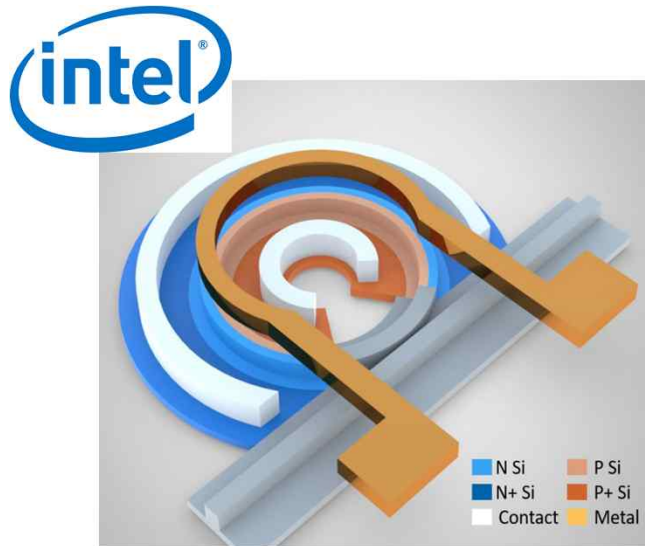
Electronics-Friendly Si Micro-Ring Modulator Models

Woo-Young Choi

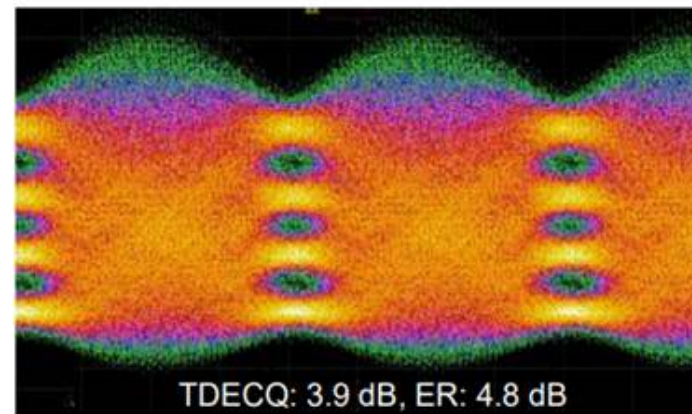
Dept. of Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Yonsei University

Si-MRM: State of the Art

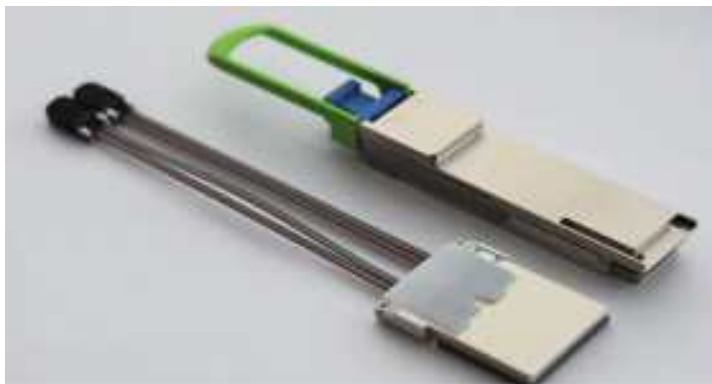


PAM4 240Gbps



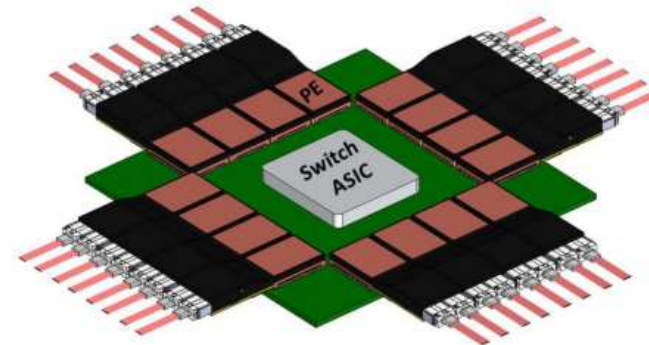
(CLEO 2022)

1.6Tbps Photonic Engine



16 x 100 Gbps = 1.6 Tbps

Co-Packaged Optics



16 x 0.8 Tbps Photonic Engine
→ 12.8 Tbps Ethernet Switch

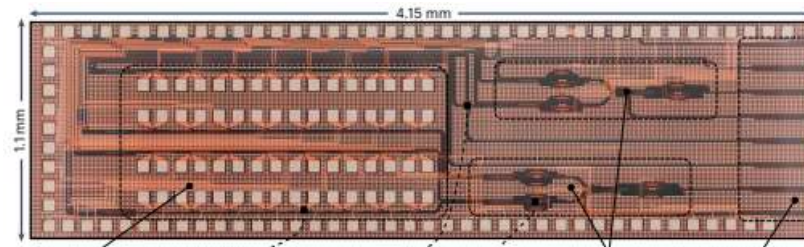
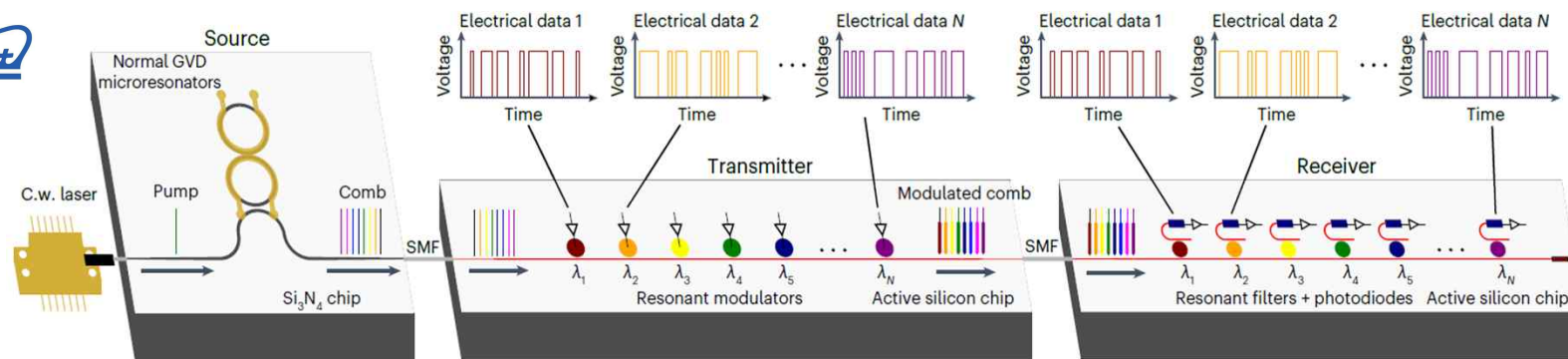
(JLT 2021)

Si-MRM: State of the Art

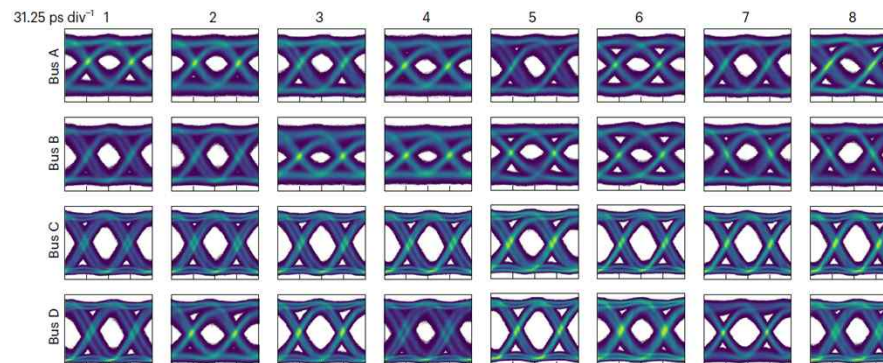
COLUMBIA
UNIVERSITY



(*Nature Photonics*, 2023)



32 x 16Gbps



Applications:

Optical I/O for ICs

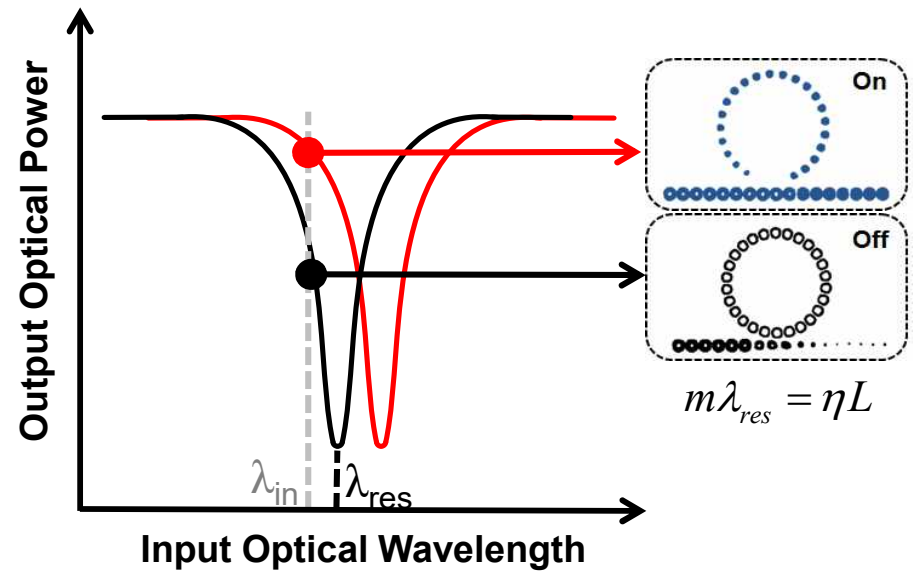
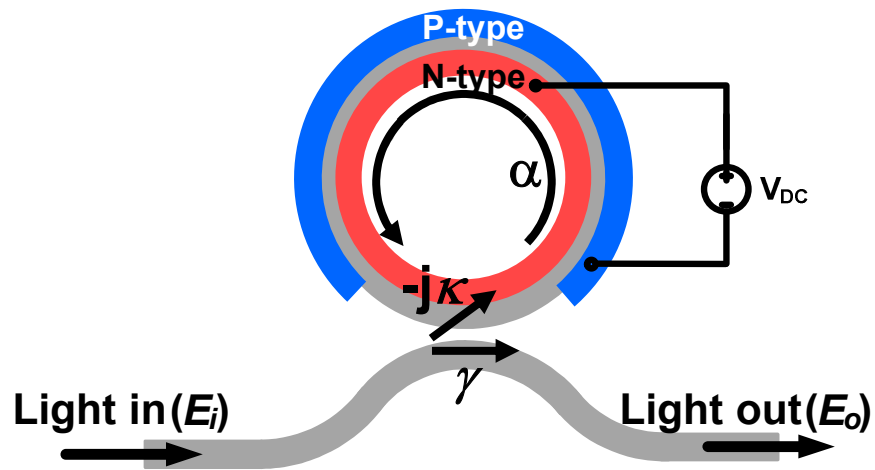
Energy efficiency

Bandwidth density

**Co-design of
electronics and
photonics essential**

**→ Electronics-friendly
model for Si MRM**

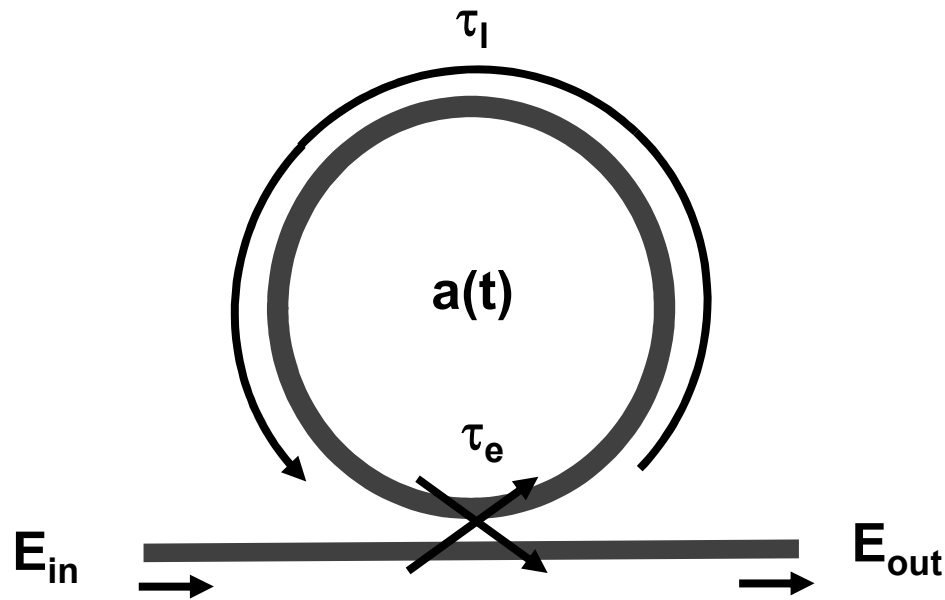
Si Micro-Ring Modulator



$$\frac{E_{out}}{E_{in}} = \gamma - \kappa^2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \alpha^n \gamma^{n-1} \exp(-jn\theta) = \frac{\gamma - \alpha \exp(-j\theta)}{1 - \alpha\gamma \exp(-j\theta)} \quad \left(\theta = \frac{2\pi\eta L}{\lambda} \right)$$

Not convenient for *transient* simulation!

MRM CMT Model



$$\frac{d}{dt}a(t) = \left(j\omega_0 - \frac{1}{\tau_l} - \frac{1}{\tau_e} \right) a(t) - j\sqrt{\frac{2}{\tau_e}}E_{in}(t)$$

$$E_{out}(t) = E_{in}(t) - j\sqrt{\frac{2}{\tau_e}}a(t)$$

$a(t)$: optical amplitude inside the ring

τ_l : time constant for propagation loss $Q_{unloaded} = \frac{\omega_0 \tau_l}{2}$

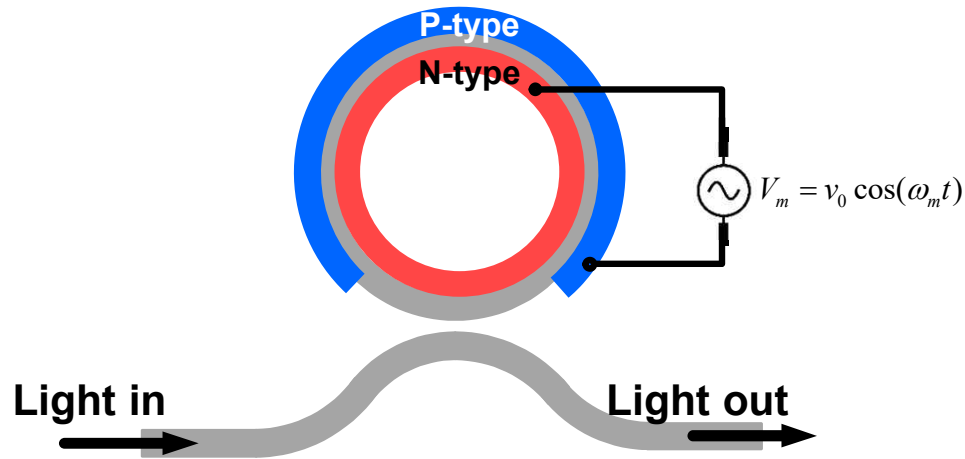
τ_e : time constant for coupling loss

$$\left(\frac{1}{\tau} = \frac{1}{\tau_e} + \frac{1}{\tau_l} \right) \quad Q_{loaded} = \frac{\omega_0 \tau}{2}$$

Numerical solution possible

But not very efficient

Small-Signal Linear Model



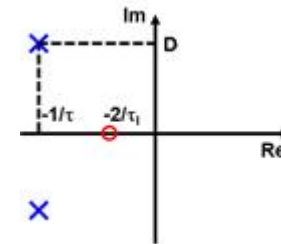
$$\frac{d}{dt}a(t) = \left(j\omega_0 - \frac{1}{\tau_l} - \frac{1}{\tau_e} \right) a(t) - j\sqrt{\frac{2}{\tau_e}} E_{in}(t)$$

$$E_{out}(t) = E_{in}(t) - j\sqrt{\frac{2}{\tau_e}} a(t)$$

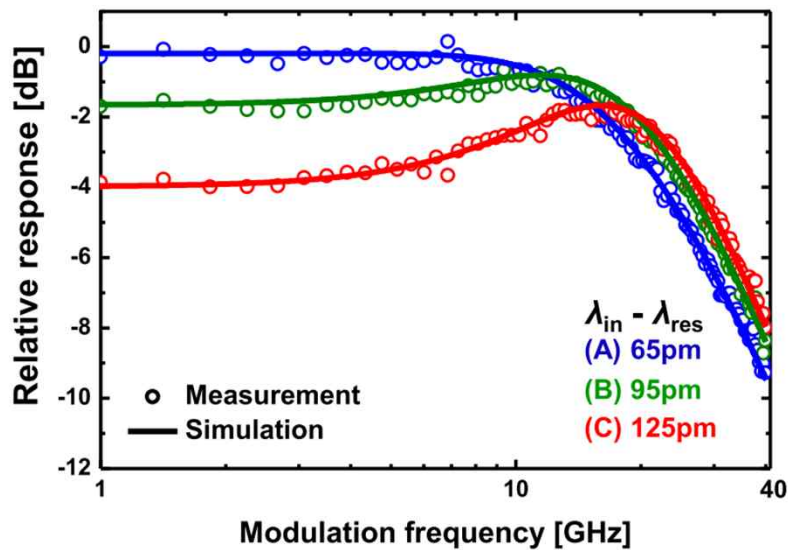


$$(D = \omega_{in} - \omega_0)$$

$$\frac{\Delta P_{out}}{\Delta V_m}(s) \sim \frac{2/\tau_e}{\eta_0} \cdot \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial V_m} \cdot \frac{2\omega_0 D}{D^2 + 1/\tau^2} \cdot \frac{s + 2/\tau_l}{(s + 1/\tau + jD)(s + 1/\tau - jD)}$$



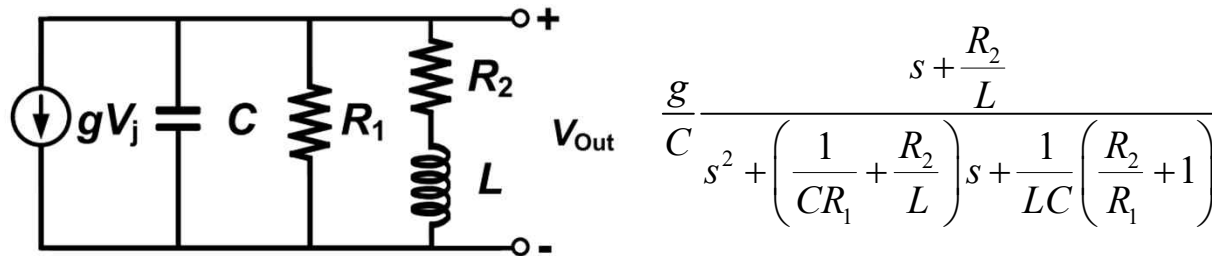
(Ban, MS Thesis, 2015)



Shin et al., TED, 2017

Equivalent Circuit

$$\frac{\Delta P_{out}}{\Delta V_m}(s) \sim \frac{2/\tau_e}{\eta_0} \cdot \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial V_m} \cdot \frac{2\omega_0 D}{D^2 + 1/\tau^2} \cdot \frac{s + 2/\tau_l}{s^2 + \frac{2}{\tau}s + \left(\frac{1}{\tau^2} - D^2\right)}$$

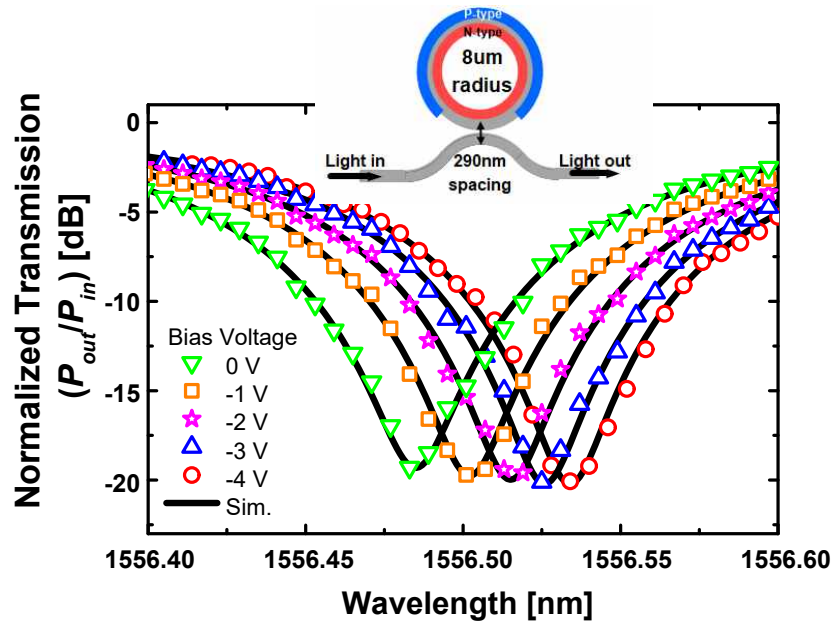


$$R_1 C = \frac{\tau_e}{2}$$

$$\frac{L}{R_2} = \frac{\tau_l}{2}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = [(1/\tau^2 + D^2)\tau_e\tau_l/4 - 1]$$

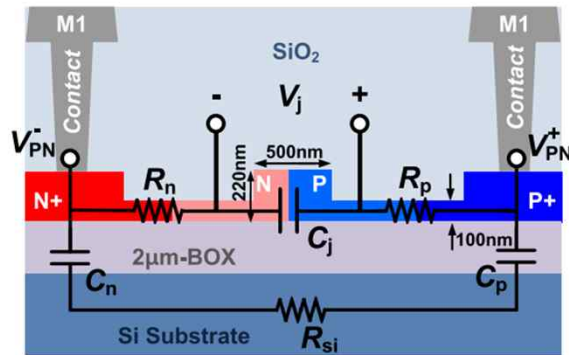
$$g = \frac{2}{\eta_0} \cdot \frac{\delta \eta}{\delta} \cdot \frac{\omega_r D}{D^2 + 1/\tau^2} \frac{1}{R_1}$$



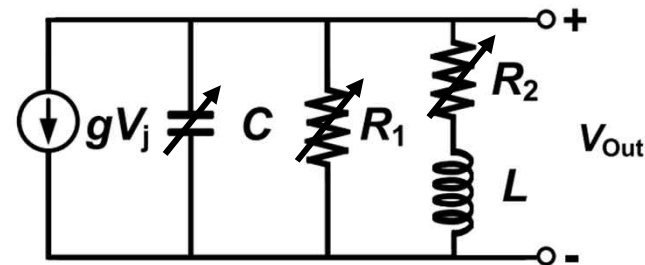
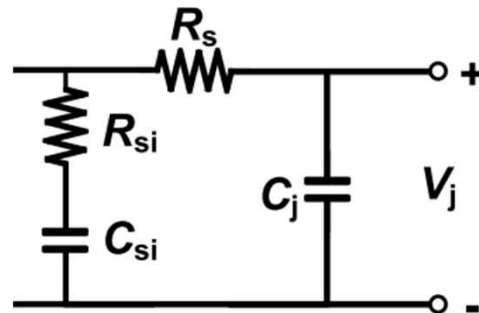
V_{Bias} (V)	R_1 (kΩ)	C (fF)	R_2 (kΩ)	L (nH)
0	2.07	7.14	10.00	114.41
-1	3.15	4.70	9.96	
-2	5.15	2.87	9.71	
-3	7.19	2.06	9.71	
-4	8.99	1.65	9.71	

(Shin et al., TED 2017)

Equivalent Circuit

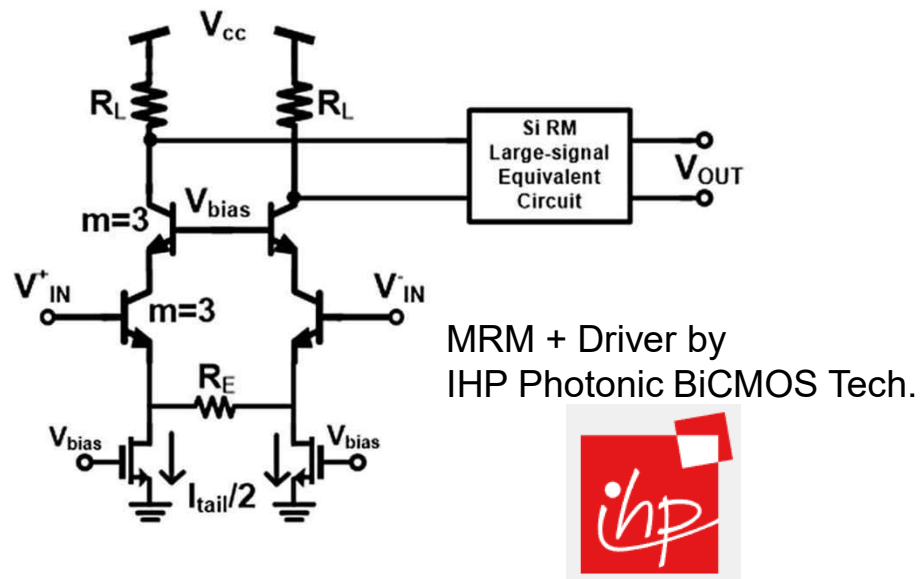


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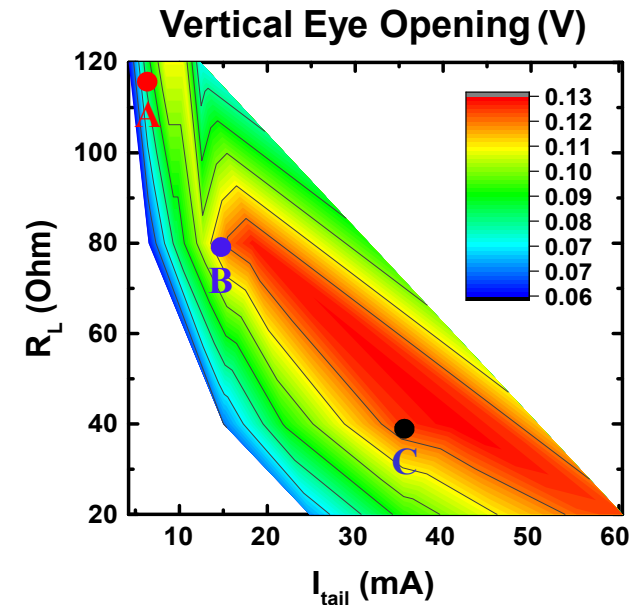


Very efficient piece-wise linear simulation in SPICE

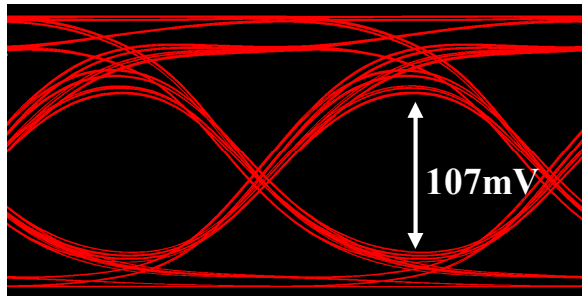
Optical Transmitter Design Optimization



$4V_{pp}$, PRBS31, 25-Gbps

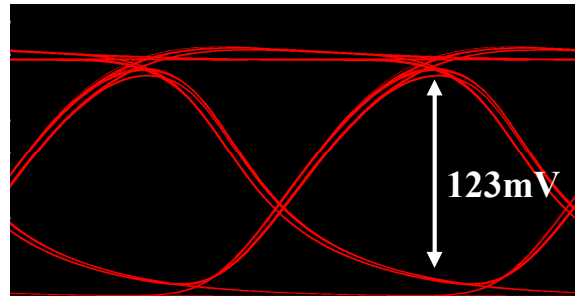


A ($I_{tail} = 10.4\text{mA}$)



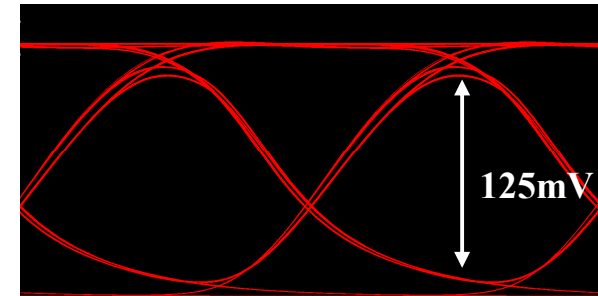
Large RC time constant

B ($I_{tail} = 18.4\text{mA}$)



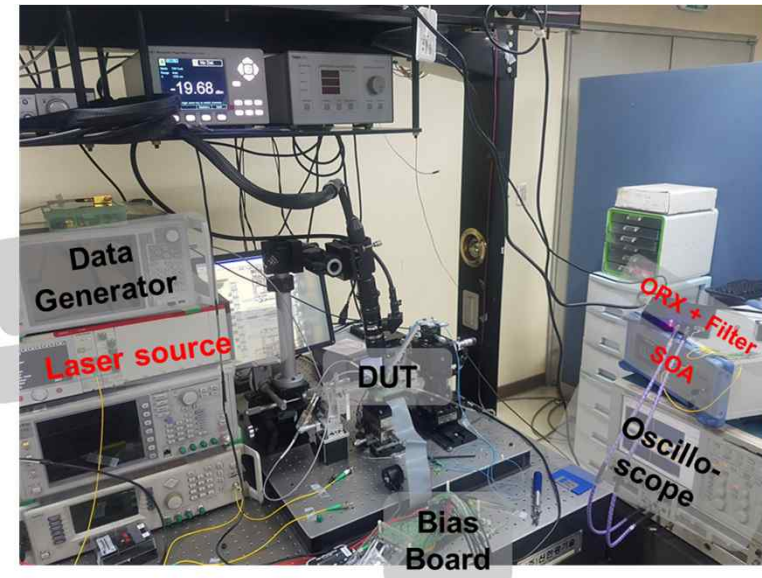
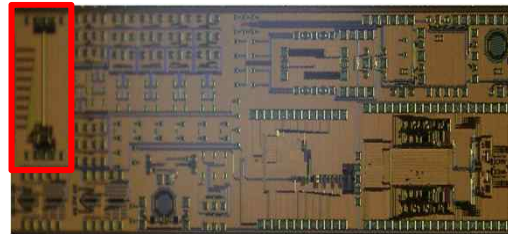
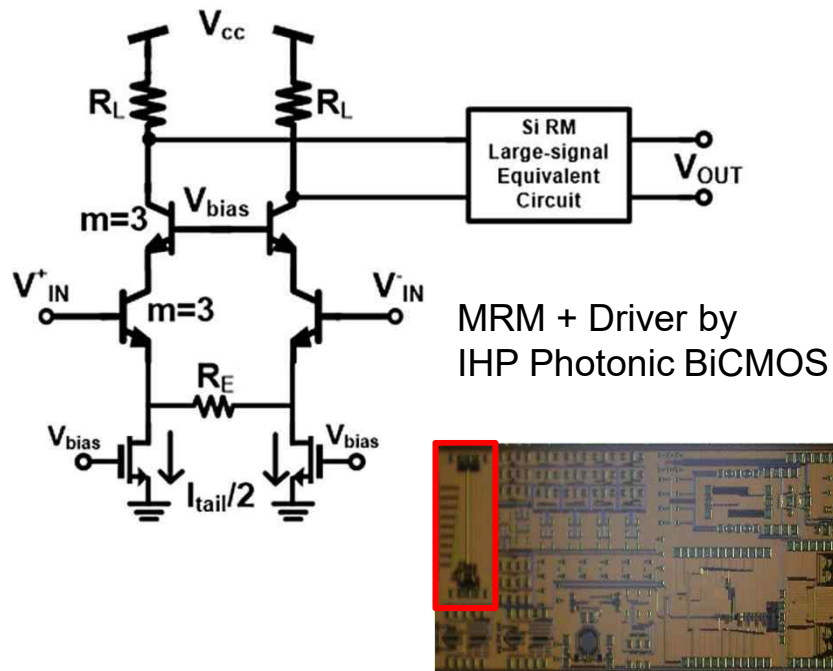
(Optimum design)

C ($I_{tail} = 41.3\text{mA}$)

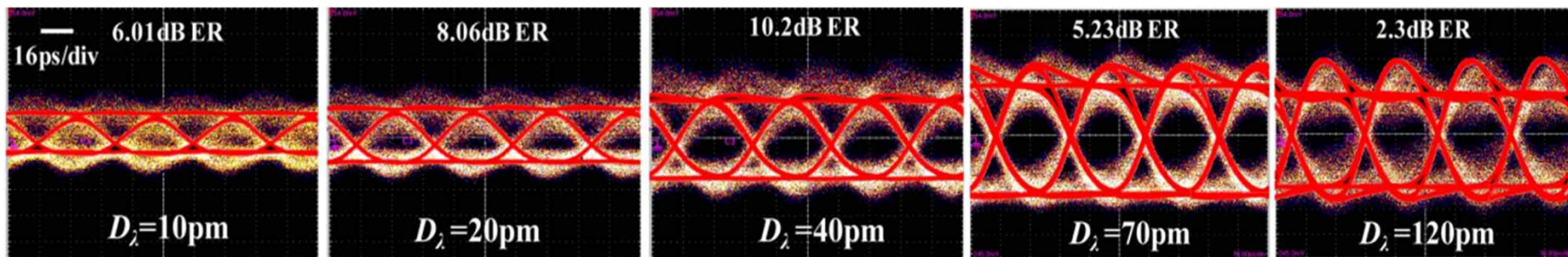


Large power consumption

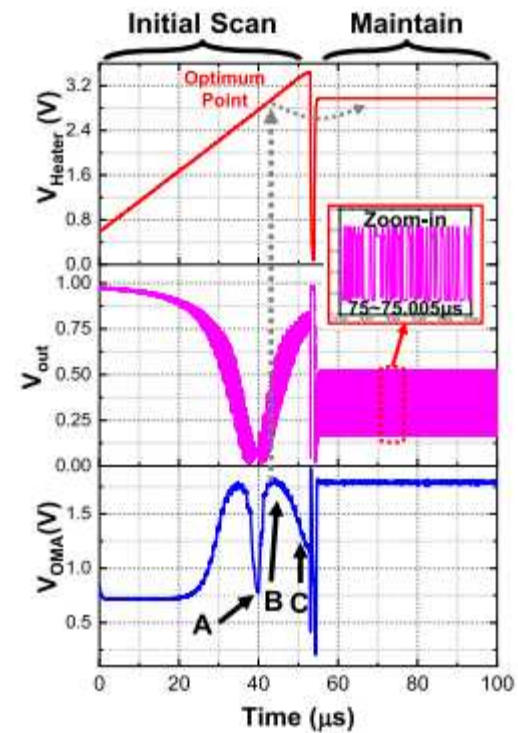
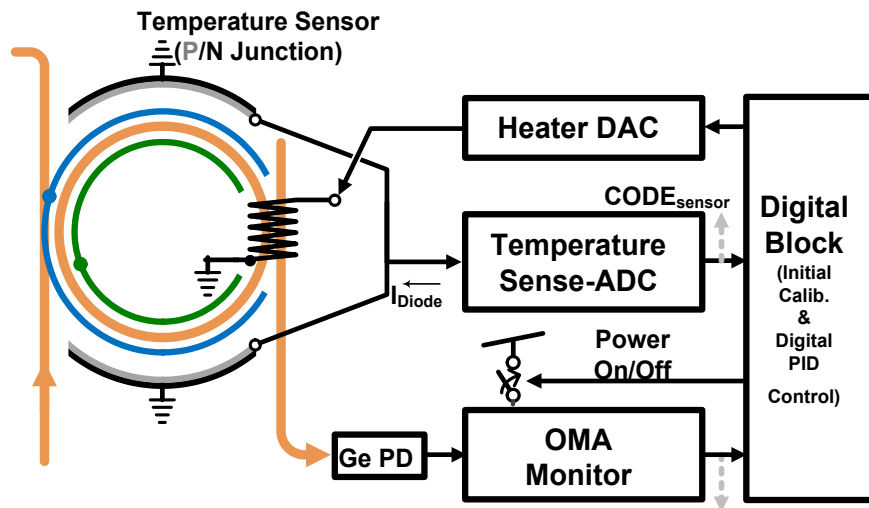
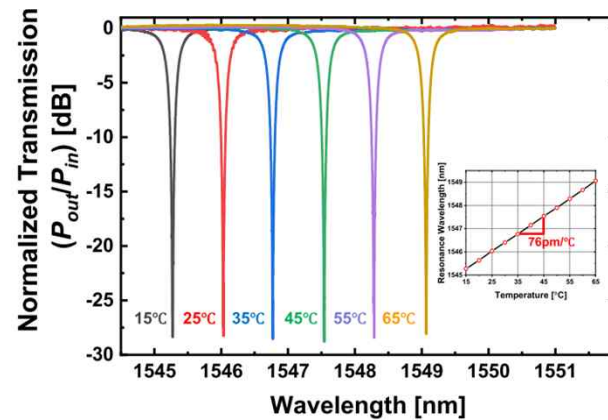
Optical Transmitter Design Optimization



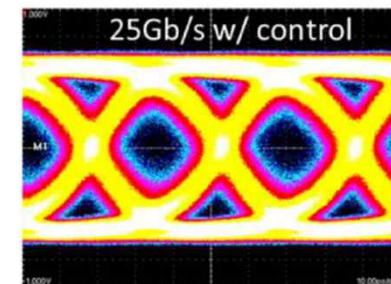
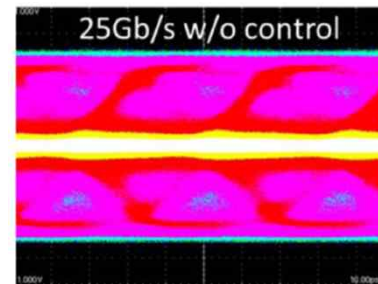
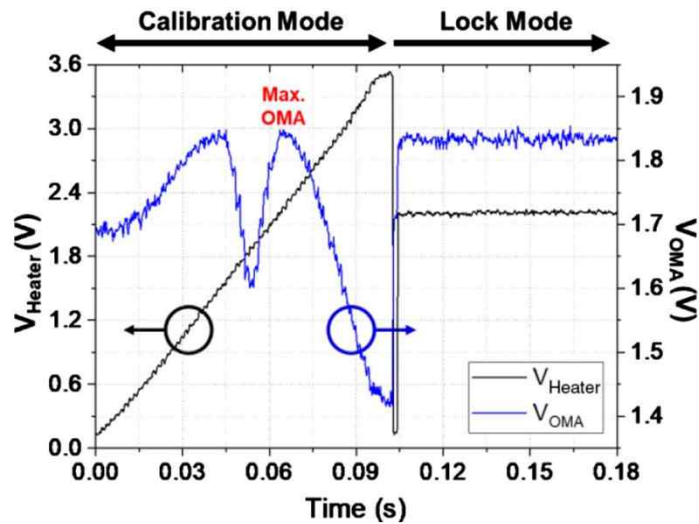
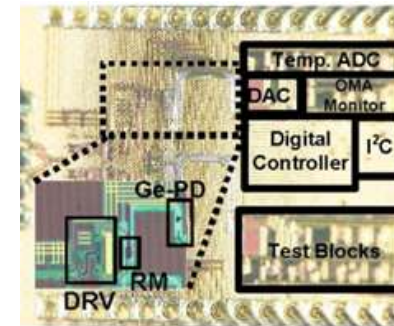
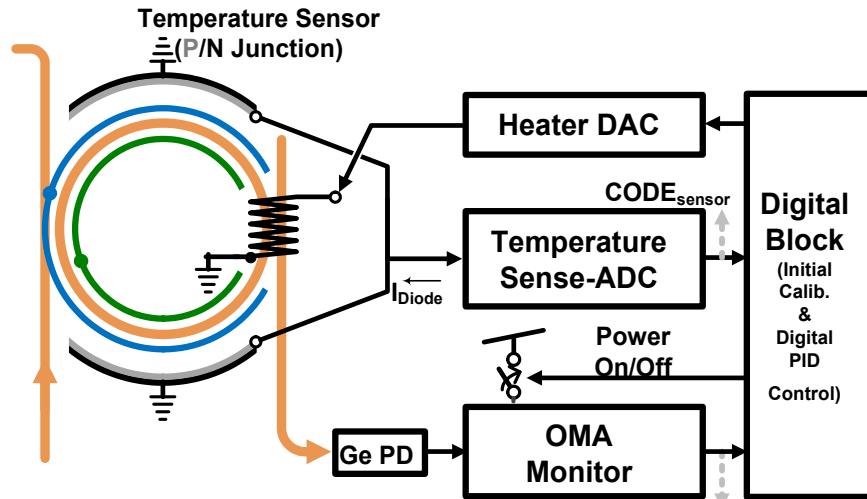
$4V_{pp}$, PRBS31, 25-Gbps



Integrated Temperature Controller



Integrated Temperature Controller



Kim et al., PR 2021

Summary

- Si MRM essential for photonic I/O applications
- Simple and computationally efficiency SPICE model for Si MRM established
- Optimal design for Si photonic transmitter containing Si MRM, driver, temperature controller demonstrated

Acknowledgements

